

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 10/619,173 | 07/14/2003 | Edward R. Price | MILF-001/00US 308600-2025 | 4997 |
| COOLEY GO | 7590 08/11/200 DWARD KRONISH LI | EXAMINER | | |
| ATTN: Patent Group Suite 1100 777 - 6th Street, NW | | | FADOK, MARK A | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20001 | | | 3625 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 08/11/2008 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

| Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
|-----------------|------------------|--|
| 10/619,173 | PRICE, EDWARD R. | |
| Examiner | Art Unit | |
| MARK FADOK | 3625 | |

| THE REPLY FILED 14 July 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of | thic |
|---|--------------|
| | thic |
| application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Reque for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: | the |
| a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection. | |
| b) Men period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later, no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. | |
| Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN 1 MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). | |
| Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension at have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension of under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2 set forth in (b) above, if checked, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely fill may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL | fee !) as |
| 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date | of |
| The Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Sin Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). AMENDMENTS | |
| The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); | |
| (c) They raise the laste of new matter (see NOTE below), (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or | |
| (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE:, (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). | |
| 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). | |
| Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): | |
| Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling to non-allowable claim(s). | the |
| 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: | F |
| Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: | |
| Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: | |
| AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE | |
| 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary at was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). | ind |
| 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFL 1.33(g)(1). | а |
| 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER | |
| 11. \(\overline{\text{Z}}\) The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: \(\overline{\text{See Continuation Sheet.}}\) | |
| 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 13. Other: | |
| | |
| /Mark Fadok/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3625 | |

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: applicant's arguments are not convincing. Applicant argues that claim 4 was not addressed, however it is clear that this feature was in fact addressed in the definition provided on page 2 of the office action where it was stated that not requiring approval was considered to be automatic ordering by the customer. Since the combination clearly teaches automatically changing (revising) an order (Ballas para 015) that is based on an order that is received from a customer (para 013 and 014) the combination meets the features of claim 4 and was therefore addressed. Applicant further argues that claims 30, and 36-40 are not divergent and would not create a serious burden to examine. The examiner disagrees and notes that applicant has not stated that these features are obvious over the other features and therefore considers them distinct. Further, the restriction is done apriori and therefore the level of burden cannot be accurately determined. The restriction stands and this issue is considered closes.

Applicant argues that the examiner did not provide a rejection for the order being rejected. The examiner disagrees and directs the applicant's attention to the Official Notice rejection on page 6 of the previous office action. The examiner also directs applicant's attention to applicant's appecification page 15 para 0036 for a discription of rejected orders.

Official Notice was not traversed.

A "traverse" is a denial of an opposing party's allegations of fact. The Examiner respectfully submits that applicants' arguments and comments do not appear to treverse what Examiner regards as knowledge that would have been generally available to one of ordingn skill in the eart at the time the invention was made. Even if one were to interpret applicants' arguments and comments as on ostituting a traverse, applicants' arguments and comments do not appear to constituting an adequate traverse because applicant has not specifically pointed out the supposed errors in the examiner's action, which would include stating why the noticed fact is not considered to be common knowledge or well-known in the art. 2T CFR 1.194(j/2)2, MPEP 707.07(g.). An adequate traverse must contain adequate information or argument to create on its face a reasonable doubt regarding the circumstances justifying Examiner's notice of what is well known to one of ordinary skill in the art. 1 Te Boon. 439 F. 274. 7.28, 189 USPO 231, 234 (CCPA)1971.

If applicant does not seasonably traverse the well known statement during examination, then the object of the well known statement is taken to be admitted prior art. In re Chevenard, 139 F.2d 71, 60 USPQ 239 (CCPA 1943).